Erie County Poorhouse Records, 1861-1952

Administration Information

Creator
Erie County Poor House (Buffalo, N.Y.).
Erie County Alms House (Buffalo, N.Y.).
Erie County Hospital (Buffalo, N.Y.).
Erie County Home and Infirmary (Alden, N.Y.).

Call Number
Buffalo Stacks Folio HV63.U6 E75

Extent
9 ledger books, 35-50 cm, in 8 oversize boxes.

Abstract
The Erie County Poorhouse of Buffalo, NY and succeeding institutions known as the Erie County Alms House, Erie County Hospital, and Erie County Home & Infirmary (Alden, NY), operated as a social safety net for the region’s poor and infirm. The collection consists of ledgers recording children “bound out”/adopted (1863-1868), intake registers (adults/families 1861-1864, 1871-1889, 1908-1923), and death registers (1897-1952).

Terms of Use
The collection is open for research.

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Alternative Form Available
The ledgers are available to browse online in the Library’s Digital Collections.

Preferred Citation
[Description and dates], Box/folder number, Erie County Poorhouse Records, 1861-1952, Central Library: Grosvenor Room, Buffalo and Erie County Public Library.

Acquisition
The Erie County Poorhouse Records, 1861-1952 were transferred to the Grosvenor Room of the Buffalo and Erie County Public Library by the Erie County Medical Center in June 2016.

Processing Information
Collection processed by Sue Cutrona, Special Collections Librarian, June 2016.
Historical Note
The Erie County Poorhouse was established in 1829 in Black Rock, NY (at that time a separate village from Buffalo) on Porter Ave. The institution relocated in 1851 to the rural “Buffalo Plains” on the outskirts of Buffalo along Main Street. This location is now the South Campus of the University at Buffalo.

The Poorhouse remained on Main Street from 1851 to 1926, and in that time provided assistance to over 180,000 men, women, and children. The institution came to include an insane asylum, a hospital with maternity and consumptive wards, a working farm, and a cemetery. The Poorhouse was not a workhouse or jail. It provided relief and/or medical care to those that had no other options. The majority of the inmates were male, often seasonal manual laborers, farmers, and artisans who only needed help for just part of the year. According to Dr. Roseanne Higgins, local anthropologist and poorhouse researcher, the duration of stay averaged 6 weeks.

Inmate ethnicity is noted in the intake registers. Jennifer Liber Raines, local researcher, found that the Poorhouse inhabitants’ nation of origin coincided with the influx of immigrants that would soon make up much of the population of Buffalo, i.e., German and Irish. From 1851 to 1913, fifty-nine percent of the inmates were foreign born immigrants.

First appointed and then elected, the Keeper of the Poorhouse [later referred to as the Superintendent] was responsible for all administrative functions of the institution. The Keeper reported to the County Superintendent(s) of the Poor [later referred to as the Commissioner of Charities and Corrections], who was legislatively required to provide an annual report to the Erie County Board of Supervisors.

Men and women resided in separate wards. At first, children were admitted to the Poorhouse along with their families. Critics of this practice believed that this caused the cycle of poverty to continue with each generation. After New York State passed “The Children’s Law” in 1875, those between the ages of 3 and 16 were placed in orphan asylums or similar charities. In 1878 this began to include children 2 years of age. The law was not always enforced, and some children did remain in poorhouses unofficially. Children who did go into orphanages could be retrieved later by a parent or relative, or eventually adopted. Some were temporarily or permanently “bound out,” to other families in a type of indentured arrangement like an apprenticeship, or an unofficial adoption.

By 1907, the rapidly growing University at Buffalo (UB) was seeking a new campus. At the same time, Erie County planned to relocate the institution now known as the Almshouse. In 1909 the University bought the land from the County. The new campus was dedicated in 1920 and at first the University existed in buildings formerly utilized by the Almshouse. In 1926, residents of the Almshouse were eventually moved to the new Erie County Home and Infirmary located in Alden, NY. For the few years prior, the Almshouse and the University, although separate institutions, actively shared the same parcel of land. Hayes Hall originally housed the insane asylum of the Almshouse, and later became the University's administrative offices.

From 1851 to 1926, 11,000 people died at the Poorhouse/Almshouse, 6% of the residents. The cemetery on site was only for inmates, not a general pauper’s cemetery. Some bodies from the
The records consist of 9 ledgers detailing personal information on inmates, either during intake, or at the time of death. The ledger information was recorded in chronological order. No index by name is included, except for [vol. 1 Children Bound out…]. Most of the people listed in volumes 2 through 6 are adults, but children may have gone in with a parent/relative temporarily and will be listed by name. Infants born in the poorhouse are also noted, with the date of birth and name of mother.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>[Vol]</th>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>Date range</th>
<th>Ledger type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Children Bound out by the Erie County Superintendent of the Poor</td>
<td>1863-1868</td>
<td>Intake Register</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Erie County Poor House</td>
<td>1861-1864</td>
<td>Intake Register</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Erie County Alms House</td>
<td>1871-1873</td>
<td>Intake Register</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Erie County Alms House (“Book B”)</td>
<td>1872-1873</td>
<td>Intake Register</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Erie County Alms House</td>
<td>1873-1889</td>
<td>Intake Register</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Erie County Alms House</td>
<td>1908-1923</td>
<td>Intake Register</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Erie County Hospital</td>
<td>1897-1928</td>
<td>Deaths</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Erie County Home &amp; Infirmary</td>
<td>1926-1941</td>
<td>Deaths</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Erie County Home &amp; Infirmary</td>
<td>1942-1952</td>
<td>Deaths</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Arrangement
The ledgers are arranged by type of record, and chronologically within: Children Bound Out, Registers of Persons Received, and Death Registers.

Container List
Box 1 [Vol. 1] Children’s Record Children Bound Out by Erie County Superintendents of the Poor, October 1863-1868. Name, date of commitment, date of discharge, who took them out and where they were taken. In rough chronological order, includes alphabetical index.

Box 2 [Vol. 2] Register of Persons Received at the Erie County Poor House, October 1, 1861 – October 1, 1864: Includes name, age, nativity, gender, date of commitment and by whom, cause of commitment, death, date of discharge, and number of days in the institution. Identifies individual as pauper, vagrant, insane, idiot, and orphan. In chronological order, no index.

Box 3 [Vol. 3] Register of Persons Received at the Erie County Alms House, October 1, 1871 – October 1, 1873: Note: Overlaps in date range with “Book B” below, and within this book there is also duplication of the lists of October 1, 1871 – Jan 13, 1872 (this time period is recorded twice and renumbered, most of the people are the same. Includes name, age, nativity, gender, occupation, date of commitment and by whom, cause of commitment, death, date of discharge, notes about disposition, and number of days in the institution. Identifies individual as pauper, vagrant, insane, idiot, and orphan. In chronological order, no index.

Box 4 [Vol. 4] (Book B) Register of Persons Received at the Erie County Alms House, 1872-1873 [1874]: Overlaps chronologically with Vol.3, although Vol 3. is more comprehensive with a date range of October 1, 1872 – December 31, 1872; October 1, 1873 – December 1873; January 1-17, 1874. Includes name, age, nativity, occupation, gender, date of commitment, by whom of what town, direct cause of commitment, death, date of discharge, number of days in the institution. Identifies individual as pauper, vagrant, insane, idiot, and orphan. In chronological order, no index.

Box 5 [Vol. 5] Register of State Paupers in the Erie County State Alms House at Buffalo, NY, December 1873 – September 24, 1889. Note: Sometimes ledger heading refers to location as Buffalo Plains. Includes name, date of admission, sex, age, birth place, cause of pauperism, location committed from, committing officer*, complaining officer*, discharge date, bound out date, provided for—by adoption or otherwise, absconded, transferred, removed from the State, death, and remarks on where the person was sent. In chronological order, no index. Includes a few loose death certificates & hospital registers. Note on officers: The complaining officer would be a person of authority, i.e. a Justice of the Peace who decides the person should be considered for the Almshouse. As inmates could be from anywhere in NY, and the committing officer was the person in authority at the State level.

Box 6 [Vol. 6] Register of Persons received at the Erie County Alms House, January 1, 1908 – December 31, 1923. Includes name, age, nativity, occupation, gender, pauper, vagrant, by whom committed, date of commitment and of what town, direct cause of commitment,
transferred to and returned from hospital, died, date of discharge [or death], remarks (where person went after this institution). In chronological order, no index.

Box 7 [Vol. 7] **Records of Deaths at the Erie County Hospital, January 1, 1897 – April 7, 1928.** May include name, age, gender, nativity, occupation, date of death, date of burial, number of grave, cause of death, case number, remarks on death and disposition, i.e. taken by relatives, body given to Medical College (UB) or undertaker, or buried in Mount Saint Joseph Cemetery or in a County Plot. In chronological order, no index.

Box 8 [Vol. 8] **Register of Deaths, Erie County Home & Infirmary, August 16, 1926 – December 30, 1941.** May include name, age, gender, nativity, occupation, date of death, date of burial, disposition (place of burial or other), cause of death, state number, remarks on death, and undertaker. In chronological order, no index.

Box 8 [Vol. 9] **Register of Deaths, Erie County Home & Infirmary, January 2, 1942 – August 13, 1952.** May include name, age, gender, nativity, occupation, date of death, date of burial, disposition (place of burial or other), cause of death, state number, remarks on death, and undertaker. In chronological order, no index.

**Related Materials**

**Historic information on the institutions:**

1. Buffalo Scrapbook *RA982.B84 B839

2. Buffalo Collection F127.E6 S82
   Erie County (N.Y.). Board of Supervisors. *Proceedings of the Board of Supervisors of Erie Count.* Includes the Report of the Keeper of the Erie County Almshouse, the “Keeper of the Poor (1852-1926), and the reports of the Medical Department of the Erie County Hospital (1880-1910).


5. Grosvenor Room Vertical File – *Erie County Poorhouse.* These folders generally contain newspaper articles and brief publications.
6. Grosvenor Room Local History File: Citations for further sources, generally newspaper articles and some book references. Look under “Almshouse, Erie County” and “Erie County Home and Infirmary.”

**Studies based on the 2012 excavation at the University at Buffalo:**

7. Buffalo Collection CC79.5 .H85 B56 2017


**Inmate Records and Personal Information.** No actual case files on inmates exist, but the following sources can provide further information on individuals.

*Note:* Records more recent than those held in our collection are maintained by the Erie County Medical Center and the Erie County Home, but are medical in nature and not open to researchers.

For adoptions and orphanage information see our separate research guide:
Adoption & Orphanage Resources for Genealogists and Historians.
[http://www.buffalolib.org/content/grosvenor/guides-publications#Adoption](http://www.buffalolib.org/content/grosvenor/guides-publications#Adoption)

10. **Buffalo History Museum** has these records:
M2015-01. *Registers of inmates, 1829-1877* [3 reels of microfilm]. Buffalo, N.Y.: Erie County Home & Infirmary, 1829-1877. Gap from 1845 to 1848—records for this era are unknown.


*Note:* The Erie County records are from 1875 to 1920. Not every inmate will be found in this collection, as not all records appear to have survived. You can search by name or browse by year. The record number on these cards does not correspond to the local ledger numbers held at the BECPL.

In 1875 NYS required institutions to record details about the individuals in their care on a standard form sent to the State Board of Charities. These forms can be a rich source of detail on residents, their circumstances, and their families. Forms are filled out to varying degrees; depending on the year they may include: name, age, date of admission and discharge, sex, color, marital status, birthplace, last residence, length of time in the U.S. and in the state, port of entry, naturalization details, education/literacy, “habits” (“temperate” or “intemperate”), occupation, religion, labor the resident can perform, whether resident has received relief, names and addresses of relatives or friends, father’s name, birthplace, occupation, habits, mother’s name (maiden), birthplace, habits, questions on extended family’s tendency toward self-sufficiency or dependence.”

**NYS Archives film of 1873-1874**

12. **Census records, 1855-1925:** Inmates of the institutions are listed in the Federal Census and separate NY State Census records. Depending on the year, the records may provide birth information, citizenship, and occupation.

**1855 NYS:** Buffalo Ward 12, E.D.1, dwelling number 216 (no page numbers, 7 total pages)

**1860:** Buffalo Ward 12, pages 95-110 (written), dwelling 737

**1865 NYS:** Buffalo Ward 12, E.D. 2, pages 41-55 (written)

**1870:** Buffalo Ward 12, pages 81-93 (written), dwelling 525-526

**1875 NYS:** Buffalo Ward 12, E.D. 3, pages 33-47 (written)

**1880:** “Defectives” Schedule - Buffalo Ward 11, E.D. 173, pages 1407-1408 (stamped)

**1880:** Buffalo Ward 11, E.D. 173, pages 35-47 (written), dwelling 423

**1890:** “Veterans” Schedule - Buffalo Ward 11, E.D. 237, pages 1-3 (written)

**1892 NYS:** Buffalo Ward 25, E.D. 5, page 29 and Buffalo, “Inmates” page 1-20 (written)

**1900:** Buffalo Ward 25, E.D. 222, pages 1A-7B (written), dwelling number 3399

**1905 NYS:** Buffalo Ward 25, E.D. 5, “Erie County Hospital” pages 1-9 (written) and “Erie County Almshouse” pages 1-8 (written)

**1910:** Buffalo Ward 17, E.D. 168, “Erie County Almshouse” pages 1A-4A (written) and Buffalo Ward 17, E.D. 310, “Erie County Hospital” pages 1A-6B (written)
**1915 NYS:** Buffalo Ward 20, A.D. 8, E.D. 2, “Erie County Home” and “Erie County Hospital” pages 19-36 (written)

**1920:** Buffalo Ward 20, E.D. 172, pages 19A-24B (written), dwelling number 3399

**1925 NYS:** Buffalo Ward 20, A.D. 7, E.D. 8, “Erie County Hospital” pages 30-37, “Erie County Home” on pages 38-45.